

Organization TC 1600 Bldg./Room Rm 1600

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS

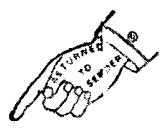
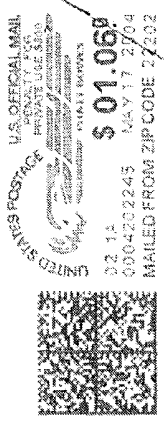
P.O. BOX 1450

ALEXANDRIA, VA 22313-1450

IF UNDELIVERABLE RETURN IN TEN DAYS

OFFICIAL BUSINESS

AN EQUAL OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYER



RETURNED FOR  
BETTER  
ADDRESS

RECEIVED  
MAY 27 2004  
TECH CENTER 1600/2900



# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
United States Patent and Trademark Office  
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450  
www.uspto.gov

| APPLICATION NO.  | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR  | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/625,221   | 07/22/2003  | Patrick M. Schlievert | 600.311USD1         | 8132             |
| 7590 05/17/2004  |             |                       |                     |                  |
| Attention of Mark T. Skoog<br>MERCHANT & GOULD P.C.<br>P.O. Box 2903<br>Minneapolis, MN 55402-0903 |             |                       |                     |                  |
| EXAMINER   |             |                       |                     |                  |
| GRASER, JENNIFER E   |             |                       |                     |                  |
| ART UNIT   |             | PAPER NUMBER          |                     |                  |
| 1645   |             |                       |                     |                  |

DATE MAILED: 05/17/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

|                              |                                       |  |  |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| <b>Office Action Summary</b> | <b>Application No.</b><br>10/625,221  | <b>Applicant(s)</b><br>SCHLIEVERT ET AL. |  |
|                              | <b>Examiner</b><br>Jennifer E. Graser | <b>Art Unit</b><br>1645                  |  |

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

#### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

- 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on \_\_\_\_.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**.                      2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 40-60 is/are pending in the application.  
4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 40-60 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 7/22/03 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  
a) ☐ All    b) ☐ Some \*    c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_.
  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

#### Attachment(s)

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date. ____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)            |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>10/24/03</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: ____  |

## **DETAILED ACTION**

### ***Priority***

1. This application filed under former 37 CFR 1.60 lacks the necessary reference to the prior application. A statement reading "This is a Divisional of Application No. 08,973,391, now U.S. Patent No. X, filed 3/12/98, which is a CIP of....." should be entered following the title of the invention or as the first sentence of the specification. Also, the current status of all nonprovisional parent applications referenced should be included.

### ***Specification***

2. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

In the "Brief Description of the Drawings", "Figure 4", "Figure 5", and "Figure 6" must be changed to "Figure 4A and 4B", "Figure 5A and 5B", and Figure "6A and 6B" so that they properly correspond to the Drawings.

Appropriate correction is required.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112***

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claims 40-60 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 40-44, 50, 52, and 54 are vague and indefinite because the claim fails to teach what the substitution of the amino acid should be substituted with, thereby leaving

Art Unit: 1645

it unclear as the structure of the claimed nucleic acid. Instead, the claims broadly allow for the change to the nucleic acid to encode any amino acid whether it is positively(negatively) charged amino acid, an uncharged amino acid or a hydrophobic(hydrophilic) amino acid. While the specification can be used to provide definitive support, the claims are not read in a vacuum. Rather, the claim must be definite and complete in and of itself. Limitations from the specification will not be read into the claims. The claims as they stand are incomplete and fail to provide adequate structural properties to allow for one to identify what is being claimed. The specific substitution, i.e., asparagine-20 to aspartic acid.

Claims 56, 59 and 60 are vague and confusing due to the phrases "a polynucleotide having the portion of sequence SEQ ID NO: 12 that encodes a polypeptide having the sequence of SEQ ID NO:14" and "a polynucleotide having 99% sequence identity with the portion of sequence SEQ ID NO: 12 that encodes a polypeptide having the sequence of SEQ ID NO:14". The claims should be amended so that the phrase "portion of sequence SEQ ID NO: 12 that encodes a polypeptide having the sequence of SEQ ID NO:14" positively recites the portion by sequence position number, i.e., a polynucleotide consisting of nucleotides A-D of SEQ ID NO:12 (wherein A-D are the specific nucleotides which encode SEQ ID NO:14). This wording would clarify the claim.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112***

5. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the

Art Unit: 1645

art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

6. Claims 40-44, 50, 52, and 54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

These claims are not enabled because they do not specify the specific amino acid to which the designated SPE-A amino acid is to be changed to. Instead, the claims broadly allow for the isolated nucleic acid molecules to encode any whether it is a positively(negatively) charged amino acid, an uncharged amino acid or a hydrophobic(hydrophilic) amino acid. The specification teaches that the nucleic acid molecules encode polypeptides to be used in compositions, vaccines and methods of providing protection against wild type SPE-A toxin comprising this breadth given the unpredictability set forth in the Examples provided in the instant specification and the examples taught in the prior art.

The specification and prior art both teach that the results from the substitution of amino acids in the SPE-A mutant is very unpredictable. To change a charged amino acid to an uncharged amino acid changes the chemical nature of the compound which has been shown to negatively impact its function. The specification has shown that substitutions of amino acids, even with the same charge, can cause the resultant SPE-A to lose immunogenicity and it's ability to provide immune protection. Due to the highly unpredictable nature of determining acceptable substitutions, it has been necessary to

Art Unit: 1645

provide specific results and direction as to what the changes may be. Applicants provided these results in the Declaration of Dr. Patrick M. Shlievert submitted in parent case 08/973,391. However, claims which allow for open-ended changes, i.e., that do not recite what the specific substitution can be, are not enabled. There is no showing in the instant specification of the consequences of these broad mutations or their ability to produce a polypeptide which would provide an immune effect in a host. Both the prior art and specification have shown that even when an amino acid of SPE-A toxin is replaced with an amino acid of the same charged, i.e., conservative substitution, it does not guarantee that the SPE-A toxin will retain its function. The prior art and specification have shown in several instances that such substitutions have resulted in a toxin with reduced immune function. There is also no evidence provided in the specification which indicates whether or not the specific mutants actually have the various claimed properties, i.e., nonlethality, decrease in mitogenicity, not enhancing endotoxin shock, etc.. The number of mutant SPE-A toxins to be encoded by the claimed nucleic acids encompassed by the instant claims is vast and would not allow one of skill in the art a reasonable expectation of success that any mutant encompassed by the instant claims would have the claimed properties. Specific guidance is needed for the skilled artisan to make a reasoned decision of which mutants would likely have the most success in producing polypeptides which would be effective in vaccine compositions. It is unpredictable as to which amino acids could be removed and which could be added. While it is known that many amino acid substitutions are possible in any given protein, the position within the protein's sequence where amino

Art Unit: 1645

acid substitutions can be made with a reasonable expectation of success are limited. Other positions are critical to the protein's structure/function relationship, e.g., such as various positions or regions directly involved in binding, catalysis in providing the correct three-dimensional spatial orientation of binding and catalytic sites. These regions can tolerate only very little or no substitutions. To start with the DNA sequence first, this requires even more work on the part of the skilled artisan. Applicants have not provided sufficient guidance to enable one of ordinary skill in the art how to determine, without undue experimentation, the effects of different amino acid substitutions and the nature and extent of the changes that can be made.

Given the lack of guidance contained in the specification and the unpredictability for determining acceptable nucleotide substitutions and their effect on the immunogenicity of the SPE-A toxin they encode, one of skill in the art could not make or use the broadly claimed invention without undue experimentation.

***Allowable Subject Matter***

7. Claims 45-49, 51, 53, 55, and 56-60 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, second and first paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

8. Correspondence regarding this application should be directed to Group Art Unit 1645. Papers related to this application may be submitted to Group 1600 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to Group 1600 via the PTO Fax Center located in Remsen. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notice published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1989). The Group 1645 Fax number is (703) 872-9306 which is able to receive transmissions 24 hours/day, 7 days/week.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jennifer E. Graser whose telephone number is (571)



Application/Control Number: 10/625,221

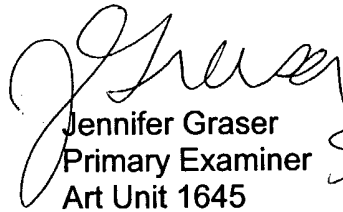
Page 7

Art Unit: 1645

272-0858. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 7:00 AM-4:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lynette Smith, can be reached on (571) 272-0864.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-0500.

  
Jennifer Graser  
Primary Examiner  
Art Unit 1645  
5/13/04



N 10/625,221

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

|                   |   |                 |             |
|-------------------|---|-----------------|-------------|
| Applicant:        | SCHLIEVERT ET AL.   | Examiner:       | UNKNOWN     |
| Serial No.:       | 10/625,221  | Group Art Unit: | 1645        |
| Filed:            | JULY 22, 2003   | Docket No.:     | 600.311USD1 |
| Confirmation No.: | UNKNOWN   | Customer No.:   | 23552       |
| Title:            | <u>MUTANTS OF STREPTOCOCCAL TOXIN A AND METHOD OF USE</u> |                 |             |

CERTIFICATE UNDER 37 C.F.R. 1.8:

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as first class mail, with sufficient postage, in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on October 22, 2003.

By:   
Name: Sheryl A. Boerboom

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (37 C.F.R. § 1.97(b))

Commissioner for Patents  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

With regard to the above-identified application, the items of information listed on the enclosed Form 1449 are brought to the attention of the Examiner.

This statement should be considered because it is submitted within three months of the filing date of the above-identified application, which is not an application under 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(d). Accordingly, no fee is due for consideration of the items listed on the enclosed Form 1449.

In accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.98(d), a copy of each document or other information listed on the enclosed Form 1449 is not provided because it was previously cited by or submitted to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office in parent application, U.S. Serial No. 08/973,391 filed on March 12, 1998.

No representation is made that a reference is "prior art" within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102 and 103 and Applicants reserve the right, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.131 or otherwise, to establish that the reference(s) are not "prior art." Moreover, Applicants do not represent that a

reference has been thoroughly reviewed or that any relevance of any portion of a reference is intended.

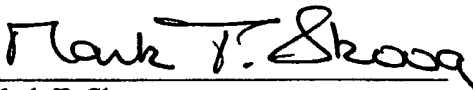
Consideration of the items listed is respectfully requested. Pursuant to the provisions of M.P.E.P. 609, it is requested that the Examiner return a copy of the attached Form 1449, marked as being considered and initialed by the Examiner, to the undersigned with the next official communication.

Please charge any additional fees or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 13-2725.

Respectfully submitted,

MERCHANT & GOULD P.C.  
P.O. Box 2903  
Minneapolis, MN 55402-0903  
(612) 332-5300

DATE: Oct 22, 2003

  
Mark T. Skoog  
Reg. No. 40,178



FORM 1449\*

## INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

## IN AN APPLICATION

(Use several sheets if necessary)

Docket Number:

600.311USD1

Application Number:

10/625,221

Applicant: SCHLIEVERT ET AL.

Filing Date: July 22, 2003

Group Art Unit: 1645

## U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

| EXAMINER<br>INITIAL | DOCUMENT NO. | DATE       | NAME          | CLASS | SUBCLASS | FILING DATE<br>IF APPROPRIATE |
|---------------------|--------------|------------|---------------|-------|----------|-------------------------------|
|                     | 5,336,598    | 08/09/1994 | Kotzin et al. |       |          |                               |
|                     | 5,298,396    | 03/29/1994 | Kotzin et al. |       |          |                               |
|                     |              |            |               |       |          |                               |

## FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

|  | DOCUMENT NO.    | DATE       | COUNTRY | CLASS | SUBCLASS | TRANSLATION |    |
|--|-----------------|------------|---------|-------|----------|-------------|----|
|  |                 |            |         |       |          | YES         | NO |
|  | WO 93/14634     | 08/05/1993 | PCT     |       |          |             |    |
|  | WO. A, 85 00832 | 02/28/1985 | PCT     |       |          |             |    |
|  |                 |            |         |       |          |             |    |

## OTHER DOCUMENTS (Including Author, Title, Date, Pertinent Pages, Etc.)

|  |  |   |
|--|--|---|
|  |  | Acharya, K. et al., "Structural Basis of Superantigen Action Inferred from Crystal Structure of Toxic-Shock Syndrome Toxin-1", <i>Nature</i> 367:94-97 (1994).  |
|  |  | Aiyar, A. et al., "Modification of the Megaprimer Method of PCR Mutagenesis: Improved Amplification of the Final Product", <i>BioTechniques</i> Vol. 14, No. 3 (1993) pages 366-369.  |
|  |  | Altschyl, S. et al., "Optimal Sequence Alignment Using Affine Gap Costs", <i>Bulletin of Math. Biol.</i> 48:603-616 (1986).   |
|  |  | Anthony-Cahil, S. et al., "Site-specific mutagenesis with unnatural amino acids", <i>Trends in Biochem. Sci.</i> 14:400-403 (1989).   |
|  |  | Barsumian et al., "Nonspecific and Specific Immunological Mitogenicity by Group A Streptococcal Pyrogenic Exotoxins", <i>Infection and Immunity</i> 22:681-688 (1978).  |
|  |  | Belani, K. et al., "Association of exotoxin-producing Group A streptococci and severe disease in children, <i>Pediatr. Infect. Dis. J.</i> 10:351-354 (1991).   |
|  |  | Betley et al., "Staphylococcal Enterotoxins, Toxic Shock Syndrome Toxin and Streptococcal Pyrogenic Exotoxins: A Comparative Study of their Molecular Biology", <i>Chem. Immun.</i> 55:1-35 (1992).   |
|  |  | Birkhaug et al., "Studies in Scarlet Fever II: Studies on the Use of Convalescent Scarlet Fever Serum in Dochez Scarletino Antistreptococcal serum for the treatment of scarlet fever", <i>Bull. John Hopkins Hosp.</i> 36:134-171 (1925).        |
|  |  | Black, C.M. et al., "Detection of Streptococcal Pyrogenic Exotoxin Genes by a Nested Polymerase Chain Reaction", <i>Molecular and Cellular Probes</i> , Vol. 7, pp. 255-259 (1993).   |
|  |  | Bohach et al., "Staphylococcal and Streptococcal Pyrogenic Toxins Involved in Toxic Shock Syndrome and Related Illnesses", <i>Crit. Rev. Microbiol.</i> 17:251-272 (1989).  |
|  |  | Bowie, J. et al., "Deciphering the Message in Protein Sequences: Tolerance to Amino Acid Substitutions", <i>Science</i> 247:1306-1310 (March 16, 1990).   |
|  |  | Braunstein, N. et al., "Sequences in Both Class II Major Histocompatibility Complex $\alpha$ and $\beta$ Chains Contribute to the Binding of the Superantigen Toxic Shock Syndrome Toxin 1", <i>J. Exper. Med.</i> 175:1301-1305 (April 1, 1992). |
|  |  | Dohsten et al., "Superantigen Induced Cytokines Suppress Growth of Human Colon Carcinoma Cells", <i>Int. J. Cancer</i> 54:482-488 (1993).   |

EXAMINER

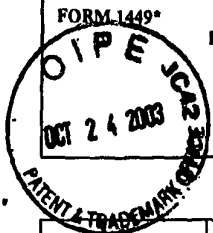
DATE CONSIDERED

EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609; draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form for next communication to the Applicant.

|   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| FORM 1449<br>OCT 24 2003<br>PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE | <b>INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT</b> |  |
|   | <b>IN AN APPLICATION</b>                |  |
|   | (Use several sheets if necessary)       |  |
| Docket Number:  | Application Number:                     |  |
| 600.311USD1   | 10/625,221                              |  |
| Applicant: SCHLIEVERT ET AL.                          |   |  |
| Filing Date: July 22, 2003                            | Group Art Unit: 1645                    |  |

|  |  |
|--|--|
|  | Fast, D. et al., "Toxic Shock Syndrome-Associated Staphylococcal and Streptococcal Pyrogenic Toxins are Potent Inducers of Tumor Necrosis Factor Production", <i>Infection and Immunity</i> 57:291-295 (Jan. 1989).              |
|  | Goshorn, S. et al., "Cloning and characterization of the gene, <i>speC</i> , for pyrogenic exotoxin type C from <i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i> ", <i>Mol. Gen. Genet.</i> 212:66-70 (1988).                                       |
|  | Goshorn, S. et al., "Nucleotide Sequence of Streptococcal Pyrogenic Exotoxin Type C", <i>Infection and Immunity</i> 56:2518-2520 (1988).   |
|  | Griggs, N. et al., "Mapping of Multiple Binding Domains of the Superantigen Staphylococcal Enterotoxin A for HLA", <i>J. Immunology</i> 148:2516-2521 (April 15, 1992).  |
|  | Hartwig, U. et al., 1993. "Mutations affecting MHC class II binding of the superantigen streptococcal erythrogenic toxin A." <i>International Immunology</i> 5(8):869-875.   |
|  | Hattori, M. et al., "Structure of the rat $\alpha$ -macroglobulin-coding gene", <i>Gene</i> 77:333-340 (1989).   |
|  | Hauser, A. et al., "Molecular Analysis of Pyrogenic Exotoxins from <i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i> Isolates Associated with Toxic Shock-Like Syndrome", <i>J. Clin. Microbiol.</i> 29:1562-1567 (August 1991).                     |
|  | Hedlund et al., "Superantigen-Based Tumor Therapy in Vivo Activation of Cytotoxic T Cells", <i>Cancer Immun. Immunother.</i> 36:89-93 (1993).  |
|  | Hsiao, Ku-chuan et al., "A Fast and simple procedure for sequencing double stranded DNA with Sequenase", <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> 19:2787 (1991).   |
|  | Ihle et al., "Antibody Targeted Super Antigens Induce Lysis of Major Histocompatibility Complex Class II Negative T Cell Leukemia Lines", <i>Cancer Res.</i> 55:623-628 (1995).  |
|  | Iwasaki et al., "Cloning, Characterization and Overexpression of <i>Streptococcus Pyogenes</i> Gene Encoding a New Type of Mitogenic Factor", <i>FEBS Lett.</i> 331:187-192 (1993).  |
|  | Jardetzky, T. et al., "Three-dimensional structure of a human class II histocompatibility molecule complexed with superantigen", <i>Nature</i> 368:711-718 (April 21, 1994).   |
|  | Jett et al., "Identification of Staphylococcal Enterotoxin B Sequences Important for Induction of Lymphocyte Proliferation Using Synthetic Peptide Fragments of the Toxin", <i>Infection and Immunity</i> 62:3408-3415 (1994).   |
|  | Johnson, L. et al., "Group A streptococcal phage T12 carries the structural gene for pyrogenic exotoxin type A", <i>Mol. Gen. Genet.</i> 194:52-56 (1994).   |
|  | Kappler, J. et al., "Mutations Defining Functional Regions of the Superantigen Staphylococcal Enterotoxin B.", <i>J. Exp. Med.</i> 175:387-396 (February 1992).  |
|  | Lee, P. et al., "Effects of Staphylococcal Toxic Shock Syndrome Toxin I on Aortic Endothelial Cells", <i>J. Infect. Dis.</i> 164:711-9 (1991).   |
|  | Lee, P. et al., "Fluid Replacement Protection of Rabbits Challenged Subcutaneously with Toxic Shock Syndrome Toxins", <i>Infection and Immunity</i> 59(3):879-884 (Mar 1991).  |
|  | Marrack, P. et al., "The Staphylococcal Enterotoxins and Their Relatives", <i>Science</i> 248:705-711 (May 1990).  |
|  | Martin, D., et al., "Molecular Epidemiology of Group A <i>Streptococcus</i> M Type 1 Infections", <i>J. Infect. Dis.</i> 167:1112-7 (1993).  |
|  | Mollick, J. et al., "Localization of a Site on Bacterial Superantigens That Determines T Cell Receptor $\beta$ Chain Specificity", <i>J. Exp. Med.</i> 177:283-293 (February 1993).  |
|  | Mollick, J. et al., "Novel Superantigen Isolated from Pathogenic Strains of <i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i> with Aminoterminal Homology to Staphylococcal Enterotoxins B and C", <i>J. Clin. Invest.</i> 92:710-719 (August 1993). |
|  | Murray, D. et al., "Immunobiologic and Biochemical Properties of Mutants of Toxic Shock Syndrome Toxin-1", <i>J. Immunol (US)</i> (1984) 152(1):87-95.   |

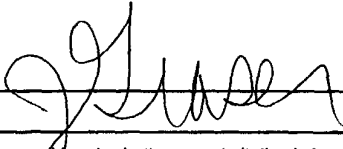
|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| EXAMINER  | DATE CONSIDERED |
| EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609; draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form for next communication to the Applicant. |                 |

|   |  |  |                               |                                   |
|---|--|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| FORM 1449*<br> | <b>INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT</b><br><br><b>IN AN APPLICATION</b><br>(Use several sheets if necessary) |  | Docket Number:<br>600.311USD1 | Application Number:<br>10/625,221 |
|   |  |  | Applicant: SCHLIEVERT ET AL.  |                                   |
|   |  |  | Filing Date: July 22, 2003    | Group Art Unit: 1645              |

|  |  |
|--|--|
|  | Musser et al., "Streptococcus Pyogenes Causing Toxic Shock-like Syndrome and Other Invasive Diseases: Colonal Diversity and Pyrogenic Exotoxin Expression", Proc. Nat'l. Acad. Sci. (USA) 88:2668-2672 (1991).               |
|  | Musser, J. et al., "Infect Immun", Mar. 1995, 63(3) P994-1003  |
|  | Nelson, K. et al., "Characterization and Clonal Distribution of Four Alleles of the speA Gene Encoding pyrogenic Exotoxin A (Scarlet Fever Toxin) in <i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i> ", . Exp. Med., 174:1271-1274 (Nov. 1991) |
|  | Norby-Teglund, A. et al., "Relation between Low Capacity of Human Sera to Inhibit Streptococcal Mitogens and Serious Manifestation of Disease", J. Infect. Dis. 170:585-91 (1994).   |
|  | Perrin, S. et al., "Site-specific mutagenesis using asymmetric polymerase chain reaction and a single mutant primer", Nucleic Acids Research 18:7433-7438 (1990).  |
|  | Prasad, G. et al., "Structure of Toxic Shock Syndrome Toxine 1", Biochemistry Vol. 32, No. 50 (December 21, 1993) 50:13761-13766.  |
|  | Rennell, D. et al., "Systematic Mutation of Bacteriophage T4 Lysozyme", J. Mol. Biol. 222:67-87 (1991).  |
|  | Revie, D., et al., "Kinetic analysis for optimization of DNA ligation reactions", Nucleic Acids Research 16:10301-10321 (1988).  |
|  | Roggiani, A. et al., "Localization of biological activities of Streptococcal Pyrogenic Exotoxin", poster presentation at the ASM 94 <sup>th</sup> General Meeting, Las Vegas, Nevada (1994).                                 |
|  | Schlievert et al., "Group B Streptococcal Toxic Shock-Like Syndrome: Report of a Case and Purification of Associated Pyrogenic Toxin", Clin. Infect. Dis. 17:26-31 (1993).   |
|  | Schlievert, "Role of Superantigens in Human Disease", J. Infect. Dis. 167:997-1002 (1993).   |
|  | Schlievert, P. et al., "Infect Immun", June 1989, 57 (6) P1865-7   |
|  | Scott et al., "Characterization of Staphylococcus aureus Isolates from Patients with Toxic Shock Syndrome, Using Polyethylene Infection Chambers in Rabbits, Infection and Immunity 39:383-387 (January 1983).               |
|  | Swaminathan, "Crystal Structure of Staphylococcal Enterotoxin B as Superantigen", Nature 359:801-806 (1992).   |
|  | Tomai, M. et al., "Distinct T-Cell Receptor V $\beta$ Gene Usage by Human T. Lymphocytes Stimulated with the Streptococcal Pyrogenic Exotoxins and pep M5 Protein", Infection and Immunity 60:701-705 (Feb. 1992).           |
|  | Wallace, C., "Understanding cytochrome c function: engineering protein structure by semisynthesis, FASEB Journal 7:505-515 (1993).   |
|  | Weeks et al., "Nucleotide Sequence of the Type A Streptococcal Exotoxin (Erythrogenic Toxin) Gene from Streptococcus pyogenes Bacteriophage T12", Infection and Immunology, Apr. 1986, 52:144-150, pp. 144-150.              |

**23552**

PATENT TRADEMARK OFFICE

|   |                            |
|---|----------------------------|
| EXAMINER<br>   | DATE CONSIDERED<br>5/13/04 |
| EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609; draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form for next communication to the Applicant. |                            |